

ets Process Documentation Method (PDM) Steps and Checkpoints – A Systematic Approach for Documenting an Existing Process

Steps	PDM Checkpoints	A P C D
1. Select Process	Key work processes were identified and prioritized according to stakeholder impact and need for improvement.	
	Top priority process was selected. Process champion was identified.	_
0.11	4. Process objective was stated.	_
2. Identify Indicators	5. Customers and participants were identified.	_
indicators	Customer needs and requirements were identified and prioritized.(e.g. SIPOC Analysis) Analysis	
	 Quality outcome and in-process indicators were assigned, and considered (Quality, Cost, Delivery, Timeliness, Safety, Security, and Environment). 	
	a. Quality indicators represent Customer requirements.	
	b. Process input and output requirements are evaluated for integration.	
	In-process indicators were linked to quality outcome indicators.	ס
	Standards, targets or limits were established for indicators.	PLAN
	 Method of obtaining data was established (survey, focus group, other customer information). 	Ź
3. Construct	11. Process flow was shown.	
Process Flow	12. Process steps / time frames were identified.	
Chart	13. Process flow was reviewed for efficiency. (e.g. Best Path)	_
	a. Define the best path to the desired outcomes.	
	 b. Create bridges to reduce time and waste. 	
	 Determine the innovations, technology, and training required to build the bridges. 	
	14. Quality and process indicators were noted on flow chart.	
	15. Contingency plans to ensure control were noted (if necessary).	_
	16. Control system was reviewed with supervisor / manager.	_
4. Implement	17. The Process Control System was finalized:	
Process	a. Develop a procedure for managing the process control system.	
Control	b. Develop checksheets to facilitate data collection and analysis.	
System	c. Train employees to: a) monitor; b) evaluate; c) improve; d) document	DO
	learning; e) apply contingencies.	
	 d. Commence data collection and monitor indicators. 	
	 e. Review initial results and adjust data collection or process as needed. 	
5. Monitor Process	18. Process was evaluated for stability (e.g. six interpretation approaches).	오
Control System	19. Process was evaluated for capability (e.g. histograms).	CHECK
6. Improve	20. Systematic improvement techniques were used, e.g.:	
Process	a. ets DMAIC method / Lean tools	
	b. Statistical Tools and Techniques	
	c. Qualitative Analysis	
7	21. An action plan was established to get back into control or improve the process.	ACT
7. Standardize	 Method was established to ensure process standards continuously reflect customer requirements. (e.g. Procedures and training) 	¥
Process	23. Specific areas for replication were considered.	
1100033	24. Applied P-D-C-A to lessons learned.	
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